17TH ARIL CONFERENCE VANCOUVER, FEBRUARY 2020



HONOURABLE CLÉMENT GASCON
RETIRED JUSTICE – SUPREME COURT OF CANADA



THE TALK — MY THOUGHTS

ADJUDICATING IN CANADA'S INSOLVENCY/RESTRUCTURING REGIMES:

HINDSIGHT, FORESIGHT, AND "20/20" VISION . . .?



I — Adjudicating / "Insider" Hindsight . . .

- The Canadian Judiciary
 - Competence
 - Independance
 - Hierarchy
 - Appeal Process



1) The Superior Courts

- Insolvency / restructuring contexts
- First shot = best shot?
- 3 reasons:
 - Specialized judges (Sun Indalex, 2013 SCC 6, Century Services, 2010 SCC 60)
 - Facts / Context matters
 - Discretion often in play
- Consequence: sometimes limited role for intermediate and final appellate courts



2) The Courts of Appeal

- Appeal : not a new trial, but trial of the judgment
- Findings of facts, credibility often decisive
- Exercise of discretion normally deferred to
- Generalist judges / specialized judges



2) The Courts of Appeal (continued)

- On questions of facts and mixed questions of facts and law:
 - Lower courts entitled to deference (Abitibi, 2012 SCC 67)
 - Need palpable and overriding error (« erreur manifeste et déterminante »)
 - Need to put one's finger on the crucial flaw (« pointer du doigt ») (*Housen*, 2002 SCC 33; *H.L.*, 2005 SCC 25; *Vavilov*, 2019 SCC 65)
 - « In the nature not of a needle in a haystack, but of a beam in the eye » (Salomon, 2019 CSC 14; Benhaim, 2016 CSC 48 (both quoting with approval Nadeau, 2016 QCCA 167))



2) The Courts of Appeal (continued)

- On the exercise of discretion:
 - Lower courts entitled to great deference (*Jodoin*, 2017 SCC 26)
 - Was discretion exercised based on erroneous principle?
 (Sun Indalex, 2013 SCC 6)
 - Was sufficient weight given to all relevant considerations?
 (Green, 2015 SCC 60)
 - Was an unreasonable decision reached ? (R.S., 2019 SCC 49)
- On questions of law: correctness / the last word... (Housen, 2002 SCC 33; Vavilov, 2019 SCC 65)



The Supreme Court of Canada

- Role
- Docket
- Leave process
- Insolvency/restructuring contexts: lessons from the past 15 years?



A) Appeals as of right

- References: ss. 35.1, 36, 53-54 Supreme Court Act
- Criminal Code: ss. 691, 692, 693
- Not applicable in the insolvency and restructuring contexts . . .



B) Leaves to appeal

- Applications for leave to appeal generally brought under s. 40(1) of the Supreme Court Act (or ss. 691-693 of the Criminal Code)
- Leave to appeal provided for under other statutes: e.g. BIA, s. 194; CCAA, s. 15; Winding Up and Restructuring Act, s. 107
- No hearing; submissions in writing (SCA, s. 43)
- Large discretion to decide
- No reasons provided: yes or no; why? to preserve Court's unfettered discretion (*Hinse*, [1995] 4 R.C.S. 597)



C) Some statistics: 2018 and 2019

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>
Appeals heard	66	69
Judgments rendered	59 (64 cases	s) 67 (72 cases)
Leave applications	525	508
Leave granted	39 (around 8%)	29 (around 6%)
Appeals as of right	26	25



C) Some statistics: 2018 and 2019

Appeals by principal areas of law

		<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	
>	Criminal / Charter	50%	47%	
>	Constitutional law	9%	15%	
>	Civil Procedure / Courts	9%	3%	
>	Others I: (Administrative law, torts			
	contract, family law, tax,)	3 – 8 %	3 – 8%	
>	Others II: (Insolvency? / Restructuring?			
	commercial law?)	Less than 2%	Less than 2%	



D) The leave process

- Not always from a Court of Appeal
- Leave to appeal can be from a denial of leave by the lower court: *AbitibiBowater*, 2012 CSC 67; *MacDonald*, [1986] 1 S.C.R. 460; *Roberge*, [1991] 1 S.C.R. 374;
- Denial of leave by SCC is not approval of result or reasoning of the court appealed from



E) The test

- The statutory test (s. 40) is "public importance":
 - SCC is not a court of error
 - Its role is the orientation/development of the law in Canada
 - Distinct from "national importance"



E) The test

- Public importance ?:
 - Questions of general or wide interest, beyond that of the parties alone
 - Interpretation of the Constitution
 - Conflicting decisions of appellate courts
 - Reconsideration of a precedent (but... Craig, 2012 SCC 43; Bedford, 2013 SCC 72; Carter, 2015 SCC 5; Vavilov, 2019 SCC 65)



F) Practical considerations

- Leave application is not a re-argument of the appeal below
- Parties should be able to state why the case is/isn't appropriate for leave in one paragraph
- Some key questions for both sides:
 - Is this the right issue?
 - Is this the right record?
 - Is now an appropriate time?
- Is there substantial injustice?... but use sparingly
- Not simply that lower court was arguably wrong...



II – SCC and the *BIA/CCAA* contexts: 1) SCC 2005-2009 (4 decisions)

D.I.M.S. Construction, 2005 SCC 52 (Que.)

- Appeal allowed **Deschamps J.** (unanimous, 7-0)
- > BIA, ss. 97(3) (set-off or compensation), 121 (claims provable) and 136-147 (scheme of distribution); **also,** Act respecting industrial accidents and occupational diseases, s. 316 (Que.); Act respecting labour relations, vocational training and manpower management in the construction industry, s. 54 (Que.)
- Statutory interpretation/Constitutional issue (paramountcy; no conflict)

GMAC, 2006 SCC 35 (Ont.)

- > Appeal allowed **Abella J.** (split, 7-1) (Major J. took no part in the judgment)
- > *BIA*, ss. 47 (interim receiver), 72(1) (application of other law) and 215 (immunity for receivers/trustees); **also** *Labour Relations Act, 1995*, ss. 69(2), 69(12), 114(1) and 116 (Ont.)
- Statutory interpretation



1) SCC 2005-2009 (4 decisions)

Saulnier, 2008 SCC 58 (N.S.)

- Appeal dismissed Binnie J. (unanimous, 8-0) (Bastarache J. took no part in the judgment)
- BIA, ss. 2 (definition of "property") and 67 (property of the bankrupt); also, Fisheries Act, ss. 7 and 9 (leases and licences) (CAN), Personal Property Security Act, ss. 2(w) and (ad) (N.S.)
- > Statutory interpretation

Caisse Populaire Montmagny, 2009 SCC 49 (Que.)

- Appeals dismissed LeBel J. (unanimous, 7-0)
- > BIA, ss. 67 (property of the bankrupt) and 86 (Crown claims); **also,** Excise Tax Act, s. 222 (Can.); Act respecting the Ministère du Revenu, s. 20 (Que.)
- > Statutory interpretation



2) SCC 2010-2014 (4 decisions)

Century Services, 2010 SCC 60 (B.C.)

- > Appeal allowed **Deschamps J.** (split, 7-1-1)
- CCAA, ss. 11 (powers of the court) and 18.3(1) (Crown deemed trusts); also, Excise Tax Act, s. 222(3) (Can.)
- > Statutory interpretation

Schreyer, 2011 SCC 35 (Man.)

- Appeal dismissed LeBel J. (unanimous, 7-0)
- > BIA, ss. 69.4 (exemption from stay), 121 (claims provable) and 178(2) (claims released); **also,** The Family Property Act, ss. 15 and 17 (Man.)
- Statutory interpretation



2) SCC 2010-2014 (4 decisions)

AbitibiBowater, 2012 SCC 67 (Que.)

- Appeal dismissed **Deschamps J.** (split, 7-1-1)
- CCAA, ss. 2(1) (definition of claim), 11 (powers of the court) and 12 (determination of amount of claim); BIA, ss. 2 (definition of claim) and 121 (claims provable); also, Newfoundland and Labrador Environmental Protection Act, s. 99 (N.L.)
- Statutory interpretation/Constitutional issue (ancillary powers; IJI)

Sun Indalex, 2013 SCC 6 (Ont.)

- Three appeals allowed, one dismissed **Deschamps and Cromwell JJ.** (split, 2-3-2) (Deschamps and Cromwell JJ. wrote separately)
- > CCAA, ss. 2 (definition of secured creditor) and 11 (powers of the court); **also,** Pension Benefits Act, ss. 57(4) and 75(1) (Ont.)
- Statutory interpretation/Constitutional issue (paramountcy; prov. law inoperative)



3) SCC 2015-2019 (4 decisions)

Moloney, 2015 SCC 51 (Alta.)

- > Appeal dismissed **Gascon J.** (unanimous in the result, 7-2)
- > BIA, ss. 72(1) (application of other law) and 178(2) (claims released); also, Traffic Safety Act, s. 102(2) (Alta.)
- Constitutional issue (paramountcy; prov. law inoperative)

407 ETR, 2015 SCC 52 (Ont.)

- Appeal dismissed Gascon J. (unanimous in the result, 7-2)
- > BIA, ss. 178(2) (claims released); also, Highway 407 Act, 1998, s. 22 (Ont.)
- Constitutional issue (paramountcy; prov. law inoperative)



3) SCC 2015-2019 (4 decisions)

Lemare Lake, 2015 SCC 53 (Sask.)

- Court of Appeal's conclusion regarding paramountcy set aside Abella and Gascon JJ. (split, 6-1)
- > BIA, s. 243 (court may appoint receiver); **also,** The Saskatchewan Farm Security Act, ss. 9 to 22 (Sask.)
- Constitutional issue (paramountcy; no conflict)

Orphan Well, 2019 SCC 5 (Alta.)

- Appeal allowed Wagner C.J. (split, 5-2)
- BIA, ss. 14.06(2) (environmental liability of trustees) and 14.06(4) (non-liability re certain orders); also, Oil and Gas Conservation Act; Pipeline Act; Environmental Protection and Enhancement Act (Alta.)
- Constitutional issue (paramountcy; no conflict)



4) SCC 2020-... (2 cases, so far...)

Chandos (38571) (Alta.)

- > Judgment **reserved** (January 20, 2020)
- Common law anti-deprivation rule
- > BIA, ss. 65.1, 66.34, 84.2, 95, 96 and 97(3); CCAA, s. 34

Callidus (38594) (Que.)

- Appeal allowed (unanimous, 7-0) (January 23, 2020)
- Creditor voting rights and litigation funding; CCAA, ss. 11.2, 18.6 and 22; BIA, s. 4(3)(c)
- "We are all of the view to allow the appeal, reinstate the decision of the Superior Court rendered by Justice Jean-François Michaud on March 16, 2018, with costs in this Court and in the Court of Appeal, reasons to follow."



III – Adjudicating / "Outsider" foresight... and "20/20" vision...?

- Some decisive concerns for the judicial system:
 - Access (societal imperatives, rule of law considerations, confidence in law and courts, delays/costs)
 - Efficiency (prompt resolution of disputes, fair and just process, active case management)
- The impact for and the place of insolvency / restructuring



III — Adjudicating / "Outsider" foresight... and "20/20" vision...?

- The way forward? The next challenges?
 - better focus ?
 - tighter limits ?
 - clarity/simplicity ?
- Your role/your contribution

> 2020 vision vs 20/20 vision...

Hon. Clément Gascon February 2020